

# The Energy Union Package - Energy Efficiency

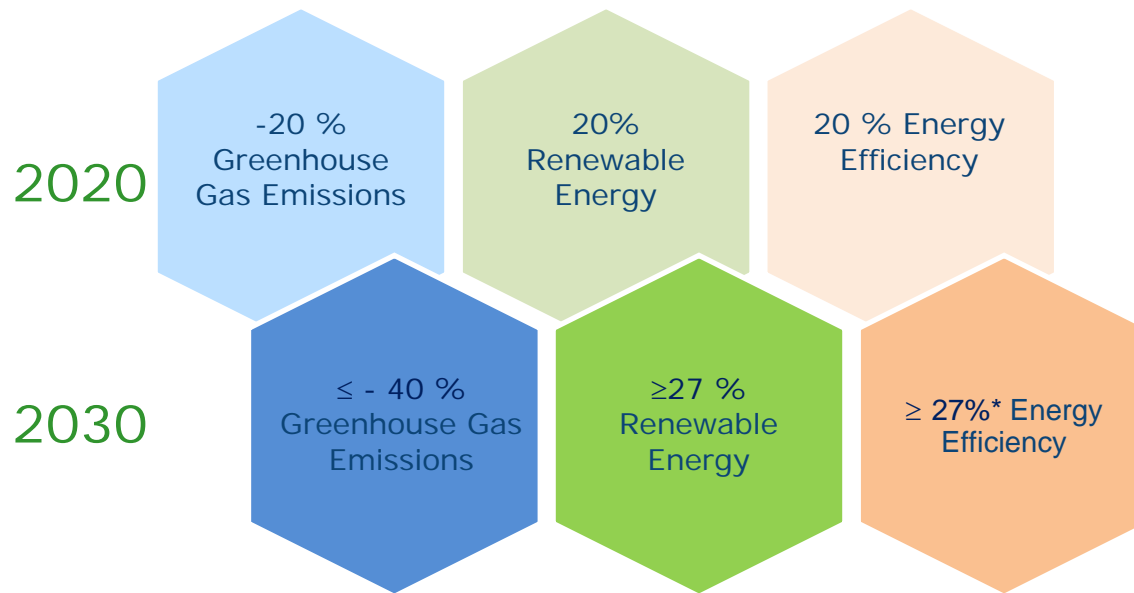
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**Deputy Director General**  
**The Danish Energy Agency**

# Agenda

1. Introduction and Context
2. Objectives of the Clean Energy for all Package
3. Proposals on Renewable Energy, Market Design and a Governance Structure for the Energy Union
4. Energy Efficiency Directive
5. Energy Performance of Buildings Directive

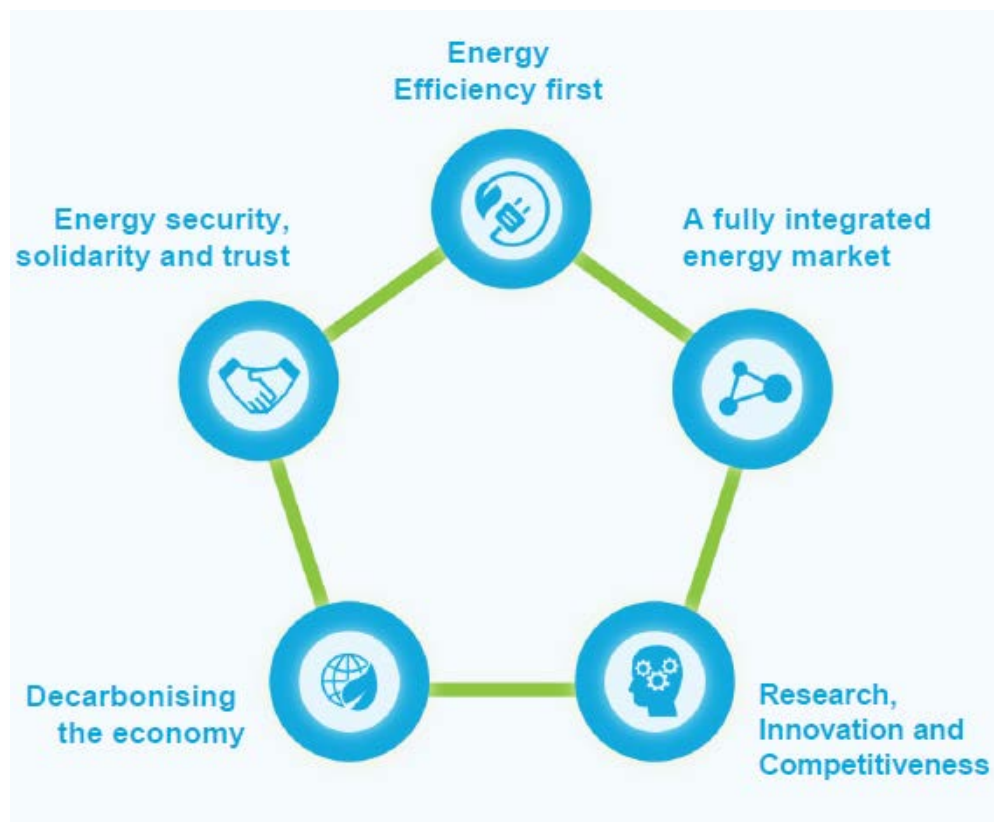
# 1. Introduction and Context – the 2030-targets

October 2014: European Council Agreement on Climate and Energy objectives 2030



# 1. Introduction and Context – the Energy Union

AN ENERGY UNION BASED ON 5 MUTUALLY SUPPORTIVE AND INTERLINKED DIMENSIONS

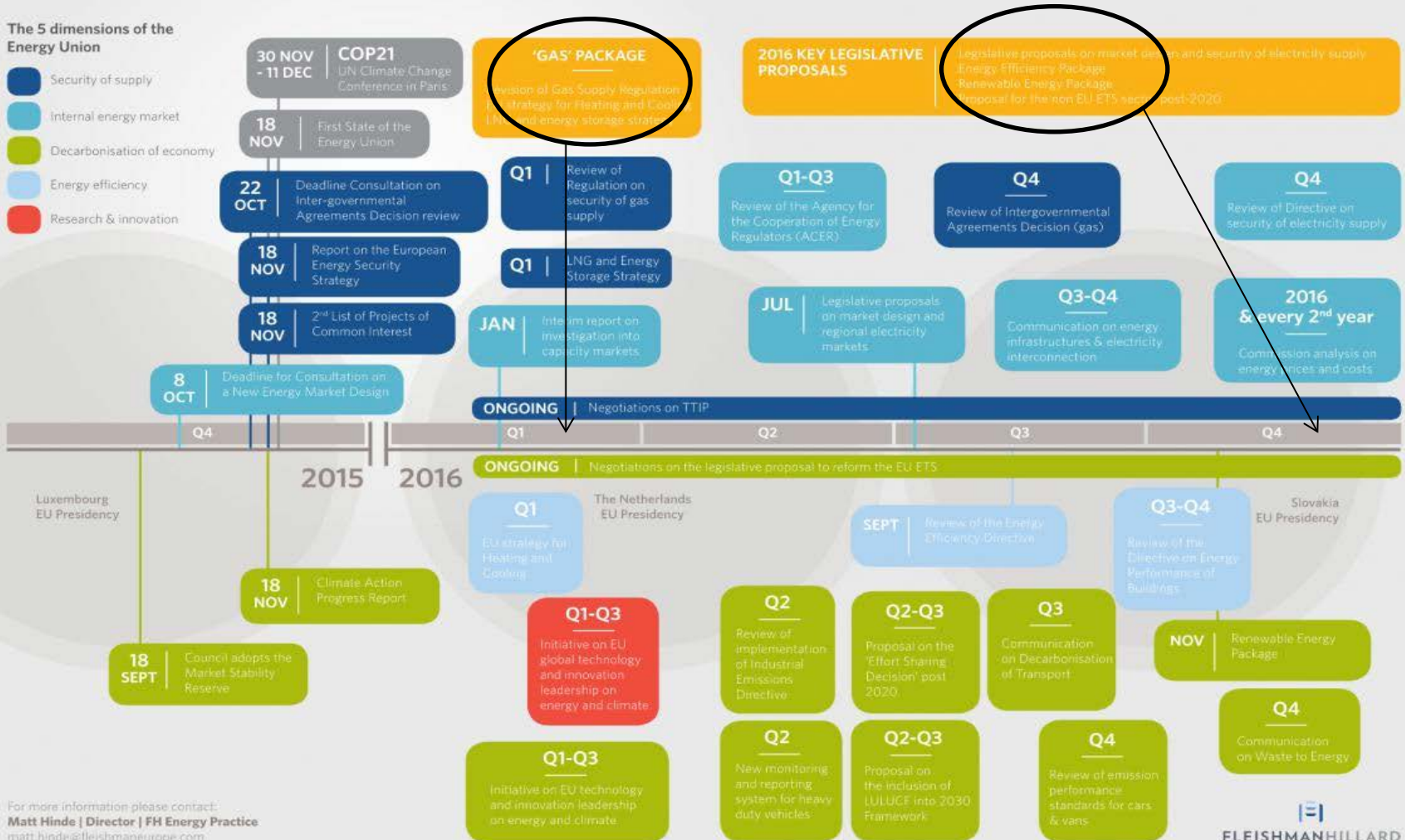


# 1. Introduction and context

## Energy Union: Coming your way in the next year

### The 5 dimensions of the Energy Union

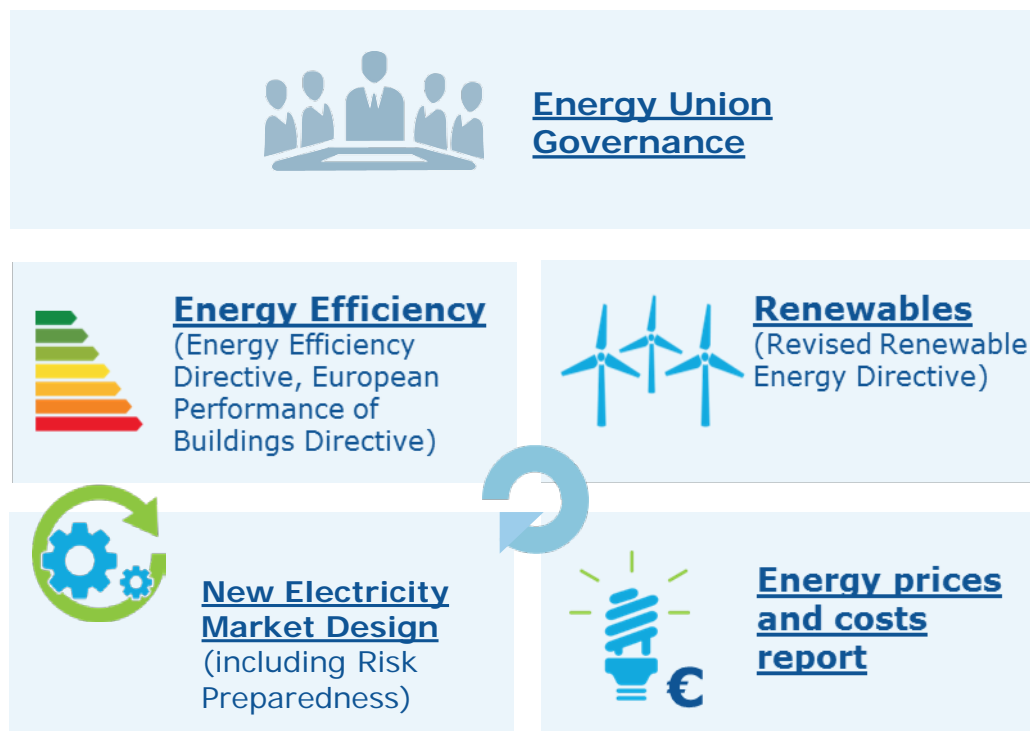
- Security of supply
- Internal energy market
- Decarbonisation of economy
- Energy efficiency
- Research & innovation



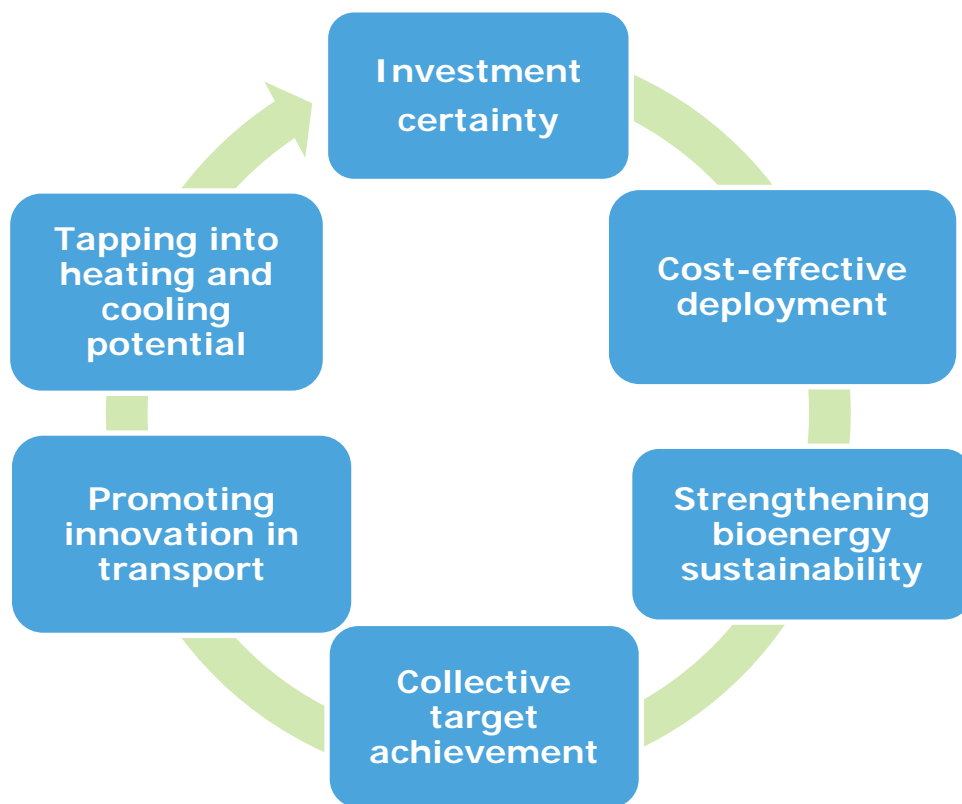
## 2. Objectives of The Clean Energy Package

### THE RIGHT REGULATORY FRAMEWORK FOR POST – 2020

*" In essence the new package is about tapping our green growth potential across the board"*  
Commissioner Miguel Arias Cañete (2016)



# 3. Renewable Energy Directive – Main Objectives



## 3. A New Market Design

### A FAIR DEAL FOR CONSUMERS

#### BETTER INFORMED

- Access to fit-for-purpose smart meters
- Certified price comparison tool
- Clearer energy bills

#### EMPOWERED

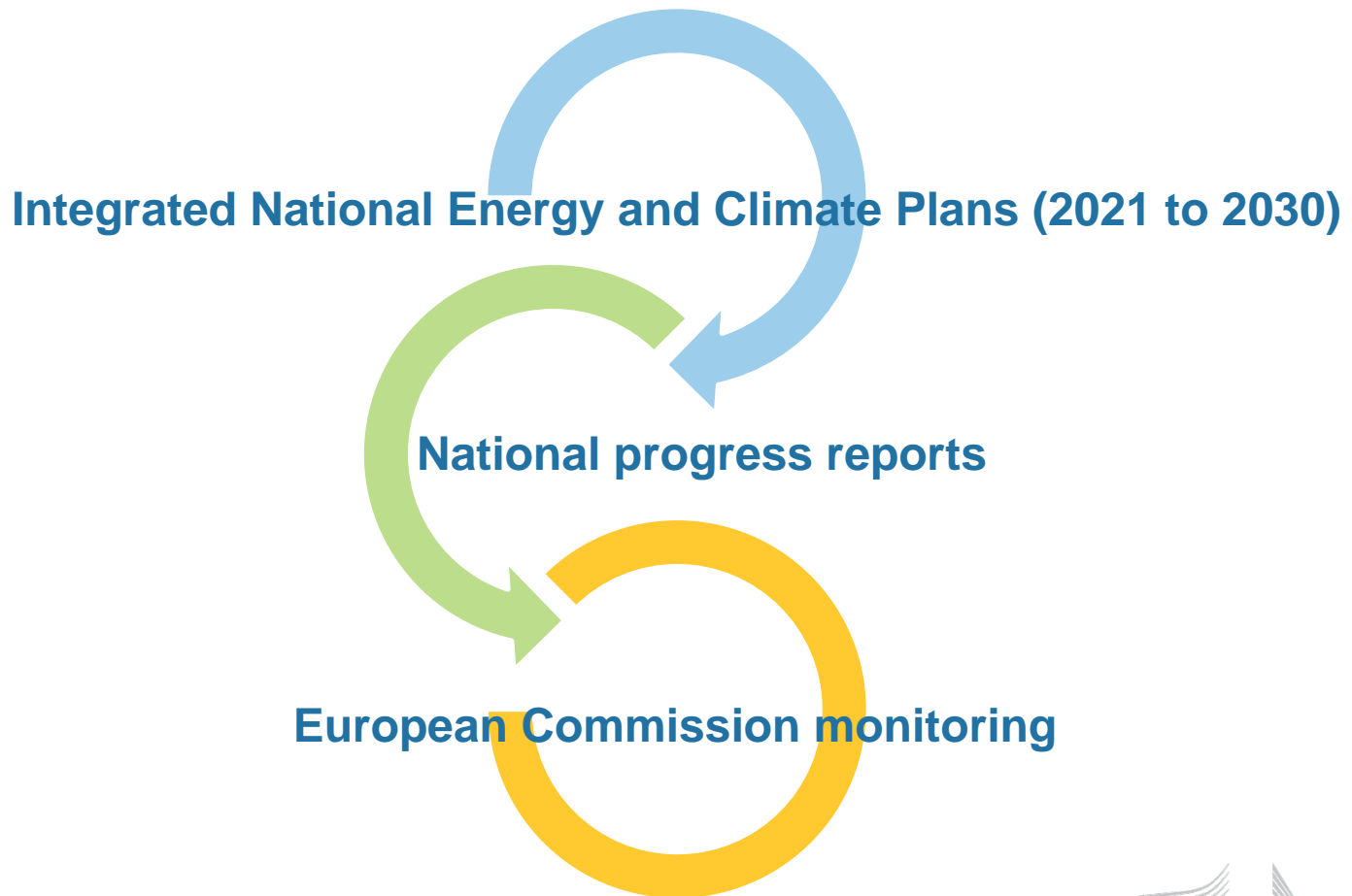
- Entitle individuals and communities to generate electricity and to consume, store or sell it back to the market
- Easier switching conditions
- Reward demand-response

#### PROTECTED

- Monitoring of energy poverty (governance)
- Information on alternatives to disconnection
- Secured electricity supplies
- Sound data management

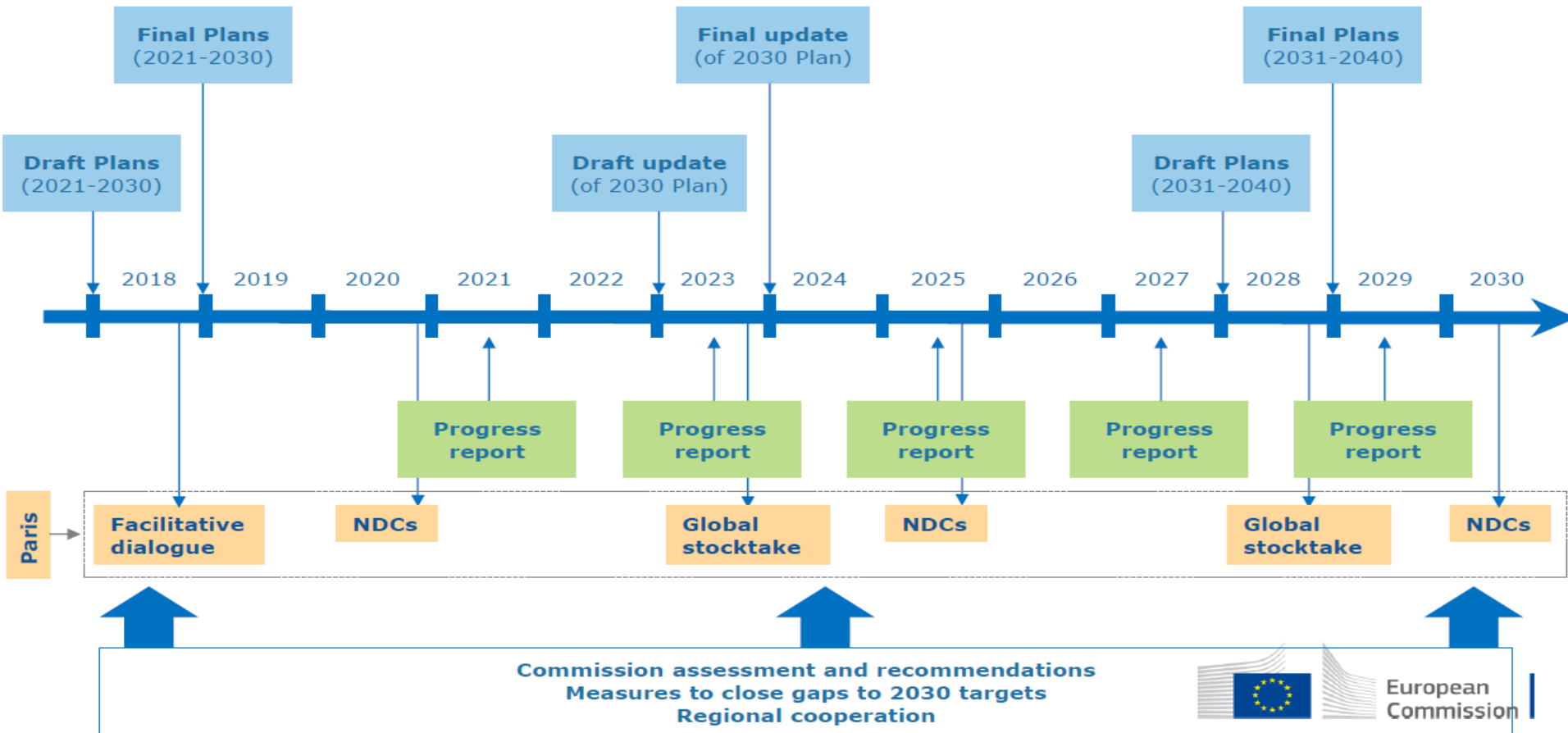


# 3. A Governance Structure for the Energy Union



# 3. A Governance Structure – The Timeline

## TIMELINE





## 4. Energy Efficiency



### ACHIEVING THE BINDING 30% ENERGY EFFICIENCY TARGET BY 2030

#### Energy Efficiency Directive

- Binding 30% energy efficiency target for 2030;
- Create 400,000 new jobs;
- Reduce gas imports by 12%;
- Save € 70 billion in fossil fuel imports;
- Empower consumers by granting access to information on their energy consumption.

#### Energy Performance of Buildings

- Clear vision for a decarbonised building stock by 2050;
- Smart & Efficient buildings through use of Information and Communication Technologies and Smart Technologies;
- Smart Finance for Smart Buildings initiative:
  - More effective use of public funding
  - Aggregation of funds
  - De-risking
- Protect vulnerable groups & address energy poverty.

#### Ecodesign Working Plan 2016-2019

- List of new product groups;
- Outline on how ecodesign will contribute to circular economy objectives;
- Specific measures on air conditioning;
- Guidelines on voluntary agreements.

# 4. The Energy Efficiency Directive – the 30 % Target

What are the positive impacts compared to a 27% target?



Increase in GDP of around 0.4% (€70 billion)

Creation of 400,000 more jobs

Reduction in pollution control costs & health damage costs by €4.5 – 8.3 billion

Extending existing energy saving obligations beyond 2020 (1.5%/year)



Lower electricity price for households and energy intensive industries

Security of supply: avoided oil & gas imports = €70 billion

Decarbonisation is cheaper in the long run (2021-2050): €9 billion/year less

- Attracting private investment for energy efficiency renovations

NOW (b.a.u.)	27%	30%
158€ MWh	161€ MWh	157€ MWh

# ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN BUILDINGS

The background of the slide is a photograph of a city waterfront. In the foreground, there is a body of water with several seagulls flying over it. In the middle ground, there are several large, multi-story buildings with classical architectural features, including domes and spires. The sky is filled with heavy, grey clouds, suggesting an overcast day.

70 % of building stock by 2050 - already existing buildings

Buildings count for 40 % of EU energy consumption

75 % of buildings not energy efficient

# 5. Energy Performance of Buildings

## SMARTER AND MORE SUSTAINABLE BUILDINGS FASTER



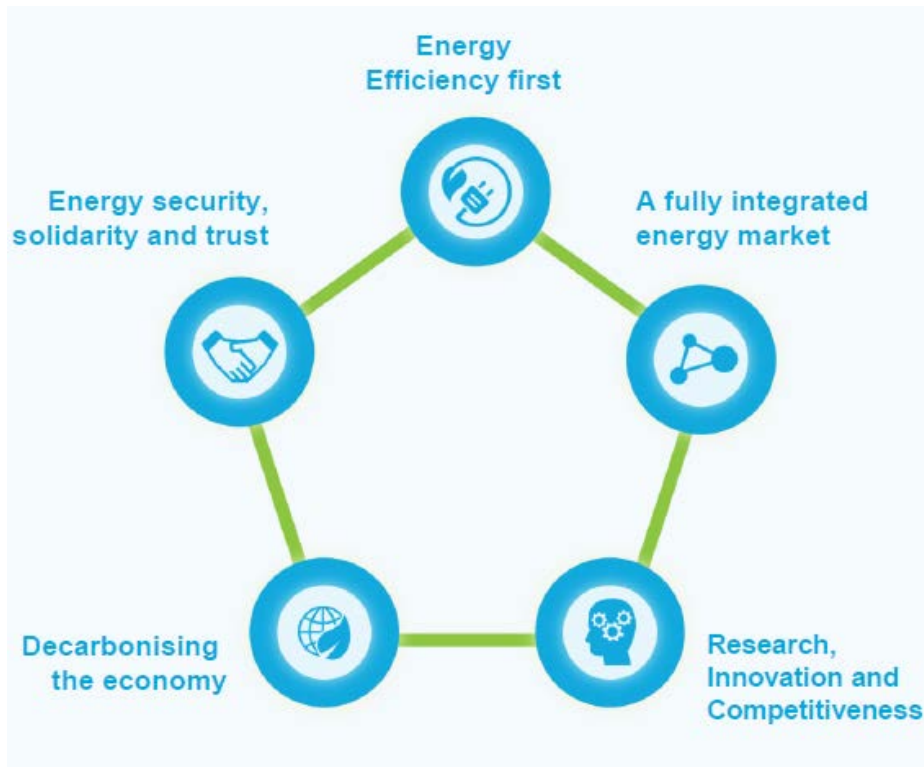
- **Smart**

- To encourage the use of **ICT and smart technologies** ensuring buildings operate efficiently:
  - By introducing **building automation and control systems** as alternative to physical inspections;
  - By encouraging the roll out of the required **infrastructure for e-mobility** (with focus on **large commercial buildings** and excluding public buildings and SMEs);
  - By introducing a **smartness indicator** to assess the technological readiness of the building to interact with the occupants, the grid, while managing itself efficiently



- **Simple**

- By streamlining **outdated or cumbersome provisions** that have not delivered the expected output
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Thank you for  
your attention

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